

A political scientist would particularly like studying about Totalitarian Russia.

Totalitarian Russia was in a state of Communism, therefore the people did not get a say in government. The political scientist would find that Communist Russia had many rules such as censorship of writing, collective farms, command economy, and restriction of religion. These rules are enforced through the secret police and communist party leader. Some people and parties that have emerged with more power include the communist party, Stalin and Lenin. People with less power include Tsar Nicholas the II and monarchy. The communist party responded to the Tsarists' rule by seizing their power forcefully. A political scientist would then relate the issues of the past to today. The government in Russia today is a democracy, although the tension still lingers from the unhappy communist era.



The Communist symbol sometimes instills a sense of fear in people. The hammer represents revolution of the Tsarist government, and the sickle represents the new command economy and collective farms.